## Two Political Jurisdictions: "National" government v. "Federal/General" government"

## Related references/articles:

- · National vs. Federal government compared
- "State"-defined
- · "United States"-defined
- "de facto"-defined
- "de jure"-defined
- · Separation of Powers Doctrine-described
- · Separation of Powers-defined
- Federalist paper #39: The Conformity of the Plan to Republican Principles (OFFSITE LINK)
- Government Conspiracy to Destroy the Separation of Powers. Form #05.023 (OFFSITE LINK)-shows how your public dis-servants have conspired over the years to destroy the model and the right and force us all to live under the corrupted model on the left
- How Scoundrels Corrupted Our Republican Form of Government shows how your public dis-servants have conspired over the years
  to destroy the model and the right and force us all to live under the corrupted model on the left

Many people are blissfully unaware that there are actually <u>two</u> mutually exclusive political jurisdictions within United States the country. Your citizenship status determines which of the two political jurisdictions you are a member of and you have an option to adopt either. This book describes how to regain the model on the right, the "Federal government", which we also call the "United States of America" throughout this book. We have prepared a table to compare the two and explain what we mean. The vast majority of Americans fall under the model on the left, and their own ignorance, fear, and apathy has put them there. The model on the left treats the everyone as part of the federal corporation called the "United States" the <u>federal corporation</u>, which is how the law defines it in <u>28 U.S.C. §3002(15)(A)</u>. This area is also called "the federal zone" throughout this book. The "United States" first became a federal corporation in 1871 and you can read this law for yourself right from the Statutes at Large:

## http://famguardian.org/Subjects/Taxes/16Amend/SpecialLaw/DCCorpStatuesAtLarge.pdf

Congress legislates for two separate legal and political and territorial jurisdictions:

- 1. The states of the Union under the requirements of the Constitution of the United States. In this capacity, it is called the "federal/general government".
- 2. The U.S. government, the District of Columbia, U.S. possessions and territories, and enclaves within the states. In this capacity, it is called the "national government". The authority for this jurisdiction derives from Article 1, Section 8, Clause 17 of the United States Constitution. All laws passed essentially amount to municipal laws for federal property, and in that capacity, Congress is not restrained by either the Constitution or the Bill of Rights. We call the collection of all federal territories, possessions, and enclaves within the states "the federal zone" throughout this document.

## The U.S. Supreme Court confirmed the above when it said:

"It is clear that Congress, as a legislative body, exercise <u>two species of legislative power</u>: the one, limited as to its objects, but extending all over the Union: the other, an absolute, exclusive legislative power over the District of Columbia. The preliminary inquiry in the case now before the Court, is, by virtue of which of these authorities was the law in question passed?" [Cohens v. Virginia, 19 U.S. 264, 6 Wheat. 265; 5 L.Ed. 257 (1821)]

These two jurisdictions are separate sovereignties, and the Constitution dictates that these two distinct sovereignties MUST remain separate because of the Separation of Powers Doctrine:

"§79. This sovereignty pertains to the people of the United States as national citizens only, and not as citizens of any other government. There cannot be two separate and independent sovereignties within the same limits or jurisdiction; nor can there be two distinct and separate sources of sovereign authority within the same jurisdiction. The right of commanding in the last resort can be possessed only by one body of people inhabiting the same territory,' and can be executed only by those intrusted with the execution of such authority."

[Treatise on Government, Joel Tiffany, p. 49, Section 78;

SOURCE: http://famguardian.org/Publications/TreatiseOnGovernment/TreatOnGovt.pdf]

Table 1: Two Political Jurisdictions within our Country

TWO POLITICAL JURISDICTIONS WITHIN OUR COUNTRY		
Characteristic	"National government"	"Federal/general government"
Also called	"United States" the Corporation	"United States of America"
Geographical territory	Federal zone	50 states of the Union
God that is worshipped: See Matt. 6:24	Mammon/man/government (Satan) Idolatry One nation under "fraud"	God One nation under "God"
Freedom and liberty	Counterfeit, man-made freedom.	Liberty direct from God Himself:

	Freedom granted not by God, but by the government.  "Can the liberties of a nation be thought secure when we	"Where the spirit of the Lord is, there is Liberty."  2 Corinthians 3:17 (Bible)
	have removed their only firm basis, a conviction in the minds of the people that these liberties are of the gift of God? That they are not to be violated but with His wrath?" [Thomas Jefferson: Notes on Virginia Q.XVIII, 1782. ME 2:227]	
Religious foundation	This government/state is god. It sets the morals and values of those in its jurisdiction. These value are ever changing at their whim.	Sovereign Citizens are created by God and are answerable to their Maker who is Omnipotent. The Bible is the Basis of all Law and moral standards. In 1820, the USA government purchased 20,000 bibles for distribution.
Sovereign to whom citizens owe "allegiance"	Government  "Allegiance. Obligation of <u>fidelity and obedience to government</u> in consideration for protection that government gives. U.S. v. Kyh, D.C.N.Y., 49 F.Supp 407, 414. See also Oath of allegiance or loyalty." [Black's Law Dictionary, Sixth Edition, p. 74]	"state", which is the collection of individual sovereigns within a republican form of government. The People, as individuals, are the "sovereigns":  "The people of this State, as the successors of its former sovereign, are entitled to all the rights which formerly belonged to the King by his prerogative. Through the medium of their Legislature they may exercise all the powers which previous to the Revolution could have been exercised either by the King alone, or by him in conjunction with his Parliament; subject only to those restrictions which have been imposed by the Constitution of this State or of the U.S." [Lansing v. Smith, 21 D. 89., 4 Wendel 9 (1829) (New York)]
Source of law	"The state", which is mob rule living under a democracy rather than a republic.  "You shall not follow a crowd to do evil; nor shall you testify in a dispute so as to turn aside after many to pervert justice." [Exodus 23:2, Bible, NKJV]	God, as revealed in the Bible/ten commandments.  The sovereign People as individuals, to the extent that they are implementing God's law, and within the limits prescribed by the Bill of Rights and the Equal rights of others.  (See book Biblical Institutes of Law, by Rousas Rushdoony)
Purpose of law	Protect rulers in government from the irate "serfs" and tax "slaves" that they govern and from the inevitable consequences of their tyranny and abuse	Protect sovereign people from tyranny in government and from hurting each other
Political hierarchy (lower number has higher precedence)	1. Ruler/king (supersedes God) 2. Legislature 3. Laws 4. Subjects/citizens (slaves/serfs of the state)  NO GOD. Atheist or anti-spiritual (remove prayer from schools, because belief in God threatens government	<ol> <li>God</li> <li>World</li> <li>Man</li> <li>"We the people"</li> <li>Grand jury, Elections, Trial jury</li> <li>U.S. Constitution</li> <li>Human government &amp; organized church</li> </ol>
Political system	Municipal corporation Totalitarian Socialist democracy  "Socialism: 1. any of various economic and political theories advocating collective or governmental ownership and administration of the means of production and distribution of goods. 2 a: a system of society or group living in which there is no private property b: a system or condition of society in which the means of production are owned and controlled by the state 3: a stage of society in Marxist theory transitional between capitalism and communism and distinguished by unequal distribution of goods and pay according to work done." [Merriam Webster's Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary, ISBN 0-97779-508-8, 1983]  "Democracy has never been and never can be so destrable as aristocracy or monarchy, but while it lasts, is more bloody than either. Remember, democracy never lasts long. It soon wastes, exhausts, and nurders itself. There never was a democracy that never did commit suicide." [John Adams, 1815]	Republic  "Republic:  "Republic:  A commonwealth; that form of government which the administration of affairs is open to all the citizens. In another sense, it signifies the state, independently of its form of government." (Black's Law Dictionary, Sixth Edition, page 1302)  "Commonwealth: The public or common weal or welfare It generally designates, when so employed, a republican frame of government, one in which the welfare and rights of the entire mass of people are the main consideration, rather than the privileges of a class or the will of a monarch; or it may designate the body of citizens living under such a government." (Black's Law Dictionary, Sixth Edition, page 278)
Status	U.S. continues to be in a permanent state of national emergency since March 9, 1933, and possible as far back as the Civil War. See Senate report 93-549.	No state of Emergency and is not at war.
Pledge	"I pledge allegiance to the IRS, and to the tyrannical totalitarian oligarchy for which is stands. One nation, under fraud, indivisible, with slavery, injustice, and atheism for all."	"I pledge allegiance to the united states of America, and to the <i>Republic</i> for which is stands, one nation, under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all."
Form of	De facto (unlawful)	De jure (lawful)

government	(See our article entitled "How Scoundrels Corrupted Our Republican Form of Government" for details on how our government was rendered unlawful)	
Constitution	Constitution of the "United States"	Constitution of the "United States of America"
Creator	(See http://www.access.gpo.gov/congress)  Merchants, bankers through President Lincoln and his Cohorts by act of treason. This martial law government is a fiction managing civil affairs	(See http://www.access.spo.gov/congress)  Created by God and sovereign Citizens acting under His delegated authority (see Gen. 1:26 and Gen. 2:15-17 in the Bible)
Origins	Gettysburg Address in 1864 and the Incorporation of District of Columbia by Act of February 21, 1871 under the Emergency War Powers Act and the Reconstruction Act	Started with the Declaration of Independence n 1776, Articles of Confederation in 1778, and the Constitution in 1787
Existence	Still existing as long as:  1. "state of war" or "emergency" exists.  2. The President does not terminate "martial" or "emergency" powers by Executive Order or decree, or  3. The people do not resist submission and terminate by restoring lawful civil courts, processes and procedures under authority of the "inherent political powers" of the people.	Adjournment of Congress sine die occurred in 1861
Governing body	The President (Caesar) rules by Executive Order (Unconstitutional).  Congress and the Courts are under the President as branches of the Executive Department.	"We the People", who rule themselves through their servant elected representatives. See Lincoln's Gettysburg Address, in which he said: "A government of the people, for the people, and by the people"
	Congress sits by resolution not by positive law.  The Judges are actually administrative referees and cannot	Three separate Departments for the servants:  1. Executive. 2. Legislative-can enact positive law.
Citizenship	rule on rights.  "U.S. citizen" (Chattel Property of the government) are belligerents in the field and are "subject to its jurisdiction" (Washington, D.C.)	3. Judicial "national" is "sovereign", "Freemen", and "Freeborn". Unless that right is given up knowingly, intentionally, and voluntarily.
•	14 <sup>th</sup> Amendment citizens, implemented by the Civil Rights Act of 1866 for the newly freed slaves (are now the slaves of the corporate government plantation)  [See 8 U.S.C. 1401(a) at http://www.d.law.comedicate/uscode/8/1401.html)	"National of the United States of America"  (see 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(22XB) at http://www.4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/8/1101.html)
Implications of citizenship	"U.S. citizens" were declared enemies of the U.S. by F.D.R. by Executive Order No. 2040 and ratified by Congress on March 9, 1933.  FDR changed the meaning of The Trading with the Enemy Act of December 6, 1917 by changing the word "without" to citizens "within" the United States	"nationals" are Sovereign citizens who supercede the U.S. Government is the enemy of liberty and should be kept as small as practical.  "Government big enough to supply everything you need is big enough to take everything you have. The course of history shows that as a government grows, liberty decreases." Thomas Jefferson
Jurisdiction	Expands and conquers by deceit and fraud. Uses "words of art" to deceive the people.	Restricted by the Constitution to the 10 mile square area called Washington D.C., U.S. possessions, such as Puerto Rico, Guam, and its enclaves for forts and arsenals.
Civic duties- qualifications for	Must be a "citizen of the United States" to vote or serve jury duty	Must clarify citizenship when registering to vote and serving jury duty. In some states, cannot vote or serve jury duty
Vote	Is recommendation only.	Counts like one of the Board of Directors.  Unalienable Rights.
Rights and privileges	Inalienable rights.	Rights from God. Constitutional rights-cannot be taxed
	Rights from the corporate government.  Statutory taxable "privileges"  "Invisible contract" with federal government to  "buy" (bribe into existence) these statutory privileges through taxes.  See 48 U.S.C. §1421b: Statutory Bill of Rights.  The privileges and immunities clause of the 14th Amendment protects	Constitutional rights-cannot be taxed
	very few rights because it neither incorporates the Bill of Rights nor protects all rights of individual citizens. Instead, this provision protects only those rights peculiar to being a citizen of the federal government; it does not protect those rights which relate to state citizenship." Jones v. Temmer 829 F. Supp. 1226 (Emphasis added.)	

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Value of the	Bond Servant	Freeborn
individual	To cover the debt in 1933 and future debt, the corporate	Freeman
	government determined and established the value of the	Freeholder
	future labor of each individual in its jurisdiction to be	Sovereign
	\$630,000. A bond of \$630,000 is set on each Certificate of	"We the people"
	Live Birth. The certificates are bundled together into sets	, , , and proposed
	and then placed as securities on the open market. These	
	certificates are then purchased by the Federal Reserve	·
	and/or foreign bankers. The purchaser is the "holder" of	
	"Title." This process made each and every person in this	
	jurisdiction a bond servant.	
Welfare/social	YES: Socialism-allowed and encouraged	NO: Not allowed. Everyone takes care of
security		themselves
	FAMILY	
Purpose of sex	Recreation and sin. When children result from such sin, then abortion	Procreation.
-	(murder) frees sexual perverts and fornicators from the consequences of	
	or liability for such sin and maintains their quality of life.	Gen. 1:22: "And God blessed them, saying, "Be fruitful and
	Permissiveness by government of abortion becomes a license to sin	multiply, and fill the waters in the seas, and let birds multiply
	without consequence.	on the earth."
		Psalms 127: 4-5: "Like arrows in the hand of a warrior, So
		are the children of one's youth. Happy is the man who has
		his quiver full of them; They shall not be ashamed, But shall
		speak with their enemies in the gate."
Purpose of	An extension of the "welfare state" that financially enslaves men to the	To make families self-governing by creating a chain of
marriage	state and their wives and thereby undermines male sovereignty in the family.	authority within them (see Eph. 5:22-24). Honor God and
	taininy.	produce godly offspring. (Malachi 2:15)
	Prov. 31:3 says: "Do not give your strength for sovereignty] to	
	women, nor your ways to that which destroys kings."	
Birth certificate	Birth Certificate when the baby's footprint is placed thereon before it	
brui cermicate	touches the land. The certificate is recorded at a County Recorder, then	
	sent to a Secretary of State which sends it to the Bureau of Census of	
	the Commerce Department. This process converts a man's life, labor,	
	and property to an asset of the US government when this person	·
	receives a benefit from the government such as a drivers license, food	
	stamps, free mail delivery, etc. This person becomes a fictional	
	persona in commerce. The Birth Certificate is an unrevealed "Trust	
	Instrument" originally designed for the children of the newly freed	
	black slaves after the 14th Amendment. The US has the ability to tax	
Education of	and regulate commerce EVERYWHERE.  Public schooling (brain washing of the young). School	Private schooling and school vouchers. Prayer
		permitted in schools.
young	vouchers not allowed. This is a central plank in the	permitten in schools.
	Communist Manifesto. Purpose is to create better state	
	"serfs".	
	STATES	
The word "State"	In U.S. Titles and Codes "State" refers to U.S. possessions such as Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.	"state" when used by itself refers to the "Republics" of The united states of America
State governments	Politicians of each state formed a new government and incorporated it	All of the states are "Republics"
Printe Boserminering	into the federal US government corporation and are therefore under its	
	jurisdiction.	e.g. "The Republic of California"
		"California republic"
	e.g. "State of California"	"California state"
	corporate California	or just "California"
Onigina -Call -	California State  The corporate States are controlled by the corporate US government by	Sovereign Citizens created the states (Republics) and are
Origins of the	its purse strings such as grants, funding, matching funds, revenue	Sovereign Over the states.
states	sharing, disaster relief, etc.	The Republics and the people created the USA government and
		are sovereign over the USA government.
	The citizens of such States are "subjects" and are called "Residents"	
State constitution	The original constitution was revised and adopted by the corporate	California was admitted into the union as a Republic on
	State of California on May 7, 1879	September 9, 1850. The people created the original state
•	It has been revised many times hence.	constitution to give the government limited powers and to act
		on behalf of, and for the people.
Distance California	A one word change in the original State (California) constitution from	Called The "Organic" state constitution.  Adjournment sine die occurred in California in April 27, 1863
Rights of citizens	"unalienable" to "inalienable" made rights into privileges	a rejudition of the constraint of the sale
in state	"Inalienable" means government given rights. "Unalienable" means	
	God given rights.	
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	JUSTICE SYSTEM	
Judicial function	Judicial Branch under the President	Judicial Department
Separation of	It is not separate, but is an arm of the legislature	Separate from all other Departments
powers	_	
Purpose of federal	Maximize power and control and revenues of federal government	Protect the Constitutional rights of persons domiciled in states
rurpose of federal	Maximize power and control and revenues of federal government	2 1000 and a constitutioning tilbury or bergotto activisment in an



courts		of the Union
Constitutional	Article I, II, and IV	Article III
authority for	("U.S. District Courts" and "Tax Court")	("district courts of the United States" in the District of
federal courts		Columbia, Hawaii, and the Court of Claims)
Venue	federal (fendal) venue	judicial venue
Courts	Corporate Administrative Arbitration Boards	Constitutional Judicial Courts
	Consisting of an Arbitrator (so-called "Judge") and a panel of corporate	with real Judges and
	employees (so-called "Juries")	real Juries who can judge the law
	Panel decisions (recommendation)	as well as the facts
T	can be reversed by the Arbitrator	Jury decisions cannot be reversed by the judge
Type of courts	Equity Courts, Municipal Courts-Merchant Law, Military Law, Marshall Law, Summary Court Martial proceedings, and administrative	Common Law Court(s)
	ad hock tribunals (similar to Admiralty/Maritime) now governed by	
	"The Manual of Courts Martial (under Acts of War) and the War	
	Powers Act of 1933.	
Trials	All legal actions are pursued under the "color of law"	The 7th Amendment guarantees a trial by jury according to
	Color of law means "appears to be" law, but is not	the rules of the common law when the value in controversy
Requirements of	Covers a vast number of volumes of text that even attorneys can't	exceeds \$20 Common Law
	absorb or comprehend such as:	
law	1. Regulations	Has two requirements:
	2. Codes	Do not Offend Anyone Honor all contracts
	3. Rules	Honor all contracts
	4. Statutes	
	T. Statutes	
	Deice to hand-	
	Prior to bankruptcy of 1933 "Public Law"	
	Now the so-called courts administer "Public Policy"	· ·
	through the "Uniform Commercial Code" (instituted in	1
	1967)	
Basis of judicial	No stare decisis	Constitution
decisions	Means no precedent binds any court, because they have no law	Supreme Law of the land restricting governments.
	standard of absolute right and wrong by which to measure a ruling—what is legal today	The "organic" Constitution and its amendments are created by
	may not be legal tomorrow.	the Sovereign living souls (We the people") to institute, restrict, and restrain a <u>limited</u> government.
	So-called "court decisions" are administrative opinions only and are	Tobalot, and fortain a manage government.
	basically decided on the basis of "What is best for the corporate	
	government."	
Nature of acts	Legal or Illegal	Lawful or Unlawful
regulated		
Lingo	"at Law" "Attorney at law"	"In-law" (i.e. "Son-in-law" or a "covenant in law")
Legal Councel	Attorney	Counsel
Legal Counsel	an "Esquire" (British nobility)	or "Counselor in-Law"
		(Lawyer)
	Attorney-at-law	
	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in	
	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in the US for the Crown of England)	
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Claims	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in the US for the Crown of England)  Attorneys swear an oath to uphold the "BAR ASSOCIATION".  The first letter of B.A.R stands for "British".  (British Accreditation Regency)  The BAR was First organized in Mississippi in 1825. The "integrated bar" movement, meaning "the condition precedent to the right to practice law," was initiated in the US in 1914 by the American Jurisprudence Society. Black's Law Dictionary, 4th edition	
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Plaintiff/damaged	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in the US for the Crown of England)  Attorneys swear an oath to uphold the "BAR ASSOCIATION".  The first letter of B.A.R stands for "British".  (British Accreditation Regency)  The BAR was First organized in Mississippi in 1825. The "integrated bar" movement, meaning "the condition precedent to the right to practice law," was initiated in the US in 1914 by the American Jurisprudence Society.  -Black's Law Dictionary, 4th edition  "Charge" or "Complaint" (administrative jurisdiction)  Compels performance	
Plaintiff/damaged party.	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in the US for the Crown of England)  Attorneys swear an oath to uphold the "BAR ASSOCIATION".  The first letter of B.A.R stands for "British".  (British Accreditation Regency)  The BAR was First organized in Mississippi in 1825. The "integrated bar" movement, meaning "the condition precedent to the right to practice law," was initiated in the US in 1914 by the American Jurisprudence Society. Black's Law Dictionary, 4th edition  "Charge" or "Complaint" (administrative jurisdiction)  Compels performance No damaged party is necessary.	"Claim" (equity/common law jurisdiction)  Must have damaged party
Plaintiff/damaged party. Court proceeding	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in the US for the Crown of England)  Attorneys swear an oath to uphold the "BAR ASSOCIATION".  The first letter of B.A.R stands for "British".  (British Accreditation Regency)  The BAR was First organized in Mississippi in 1825. The "integrated bar" movement, meaning "the condition precedent to the right to practice law," was initiated in the US in 1914 by the American Jurisprudence Society. Black's Law Dictionary, 4th edition  "Charge" or "Complaint" (administrative jurisdiction)  Compels performance No damaged party is necessary.  "Public"	"Claim" (equity/common law jurisdiction)  Must have damaged party "Private
Plaintiff/damaged party. Court proceeding Rights under	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in the US for the Crown of England)  Attorneys swear an oath to uphold the "BAR ASSOCIATION".  The first letter of B.A.R stands for "British".  (British Accreditation Regency) The BAR was First organized in Mississippi in 1825. The "integrated bar" movement, meaning "the condition precedent to the right to practice law," was initiated in the US in 1914 by the American Jurisprudence Society.  -Black's Law Dictionary, 4th edition  "Charge" or "Complaint" (administrative jurisdiction)  Compels performance No damaged party is necessary.  "Public"  No rights except statutory Civil Rights granted by Congress.	"Claim" (equity/common law jurisdiction)  Must have damaged party
Plaintiff/damaged party. Court proceeding Rights under justice system	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in the US for the Crown of England)  Attorneys swear an oath to uphold the "BAR ASSOCIATION".  The first letter of B.A.R stands for "British".  (British Accreditation Regency) The BAR was First organized in Mississippi in 1825. The "integrated bar" movement, meaning "the condition precedent to the right to practice law," was initiated in the US in 1914 by the American Jurisprudence Society. Black's Law Dictionary, 4th edition  "Charge" or "Complaint" (administrative jurisdiction)  Compels performance No damaged party is necessary.  "Public"  No rights except statutory Civil Rights granted by Congress. Restricts freedoms and liberties.	"Claim" (equity/common law jurisdiction)  Must have damaged party  "Private  Maintains rights, freedoms, and liberties
Plaintiff/damaged party. Court proceeding Rights under justice system	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in the US for the Crown of England)  Attorneys swear an oath to uphold the "BAR ASSOCIATION".  The first letter of B.A.R stands for "British".  (British Accreditation Regency) The BAR was First organized in Mississippi in 1825. The "integrated bar" movement, meaning "the condition precedent to the right to practice law," was initiated in the US in 1914 by the American Jurisprudence Society.  -Black's Law Dictionary, 4th edition  "Charge" or "Complaint" (administrative jurisdiction)  Compels performance No damaged party is necessary.  "Public"  No rights except statutory Civil Rights granted by Congress. Restricts freedoms and liberties.  US citizens are at the mercy of government and the administrative	"Claim" (equity/common law jurisdiction)  Must have damaged party  "Private  Maintains rights, freedoms, and liberties  Unalienable rights, fundamental rights, substantial rights and
Claims Plaintiff/damaged party. Court proceeding Rights under justice system Role of courts	(licensed agents of the corporate administrative courts and tribunals in the US for the Crown of England)  Attorneys swear an oath to uphold the "BAR ASSOCIATION".  The first letter of B.A.R stands for "British".  (British Accreditation Regency) The BAR was First organized in Mississippi in 1825. The "integrated bar" movement, meaning "the condition precedent to the right to practice law," was initiated in the US in 1914 by the American Jurisprudence Society. Black's Law Dictionary, 4th edition  "Charge" or "Complaint" (administrative jurisdiction)  Compels performance No damaged party is necessary.  "Public"  No rights except statutory Civil Rights granted by Congress. Restricts freedoms and liberties.	"Claim" (equity/common law jurisdiction)  Must have damaged party  "Private  Maintains rights, freedoms, and liberties  Unalienable rights, fundamental rights, substantial rights and other rights of living souls are all protected by The Law and
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Juries	The juror judges only the facts and not the lawThe judge gives the statute, regulation, code, rule, etc. Juries selected ONLY from within the federal zone	Jurors judge the law <u>as well as</u> the facts. Juries selected ONLY from within states of the Union and NOT the federal zone.
	DEBT	
Bankruptcy	First bankruptcy was in 1863 In 1865 the total debt was \$2,682,593,026.53 A portion was funded by 1040 Bonds to run not less than 10 nor more than 40 years at an interest rate of 6% Members of Congress are the official Trustees in the bankruptcy of the US and the re-organization	None
Income tax revenues necessary to pay debt	"All individual Income Tax revenues are gone before one nickel is spent on services taxpayers expect from government"Ronald Reagan, 1984	Wouldn't it be nice to be completely out of debt, personally, and have a stash of gold and silver besides?
	Grace Commission Report  TAXATION	
Federal income	Illegally enforced. Government lies to citizens to steal	Federal government has very limited income from
taxes	their money. Corruption in the court.  2. States destroy personal liberties to get their share of federal matching funds. Example: Requirement to provide SSN to get a state driver's license.	only taxing foreign imports into states. Can't twist state's arm to destroy civic rights because it has so little income it won't give it away.
State income taxes	Treated as a "nonresident" of your state living on federal property (See, for example: http://www.leginfo.ea.gov/cgi-bin/displaycode? section=tre&group=17001-18000&file=17001-17039.1 and look at 17016 and 17018 off the California website at http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/cgi-bin/calawquery? cgdesection=tre&codebody=&hits=20)	Treated as a resident of your state and not taxed because it would violate the Bill of Rights and 1:9:4 and 1:2:3 of the U.S. Constitution.
Personal Income tax rates (State plus Federal)	High: 50-70% because working is a "privilege" and because it is a "privilege" to be part of the "commune".	None: Working is a "right"
Limits	No limit on taxation	Limits on taxation
Purpose of Taxation	Wealth redistribution (socialism) and to appease the whims of the democratic majority in spiteful disregard of the Bill of Rights.      Stabilize flat currency system	Support only the government and not the people in any way.  See Loan Assoc. v. Topeka, 87 U.S. (20 Wall.) 655 (1874)
Income taxes	Income taxes are legal and ever increasing	Direct taxes such as "Income taxes" are unlawful
Indirect taxes	Other taxation's such as inheritance taxes are legal	Indirect taxes such as excise tax and import duties are lawful
IRS	IRS's 1040 forms originated from the 1040 Bonds used for funding Lincoln's War 1863, first year income tax was ever used in history of US The IRS is a collection arm of the Federal Reserve. The Federal Reserve was created by the Bank of England in 1913 and is owned by foreign investors. The IRS is not listed as a government agency like other government agencies.	No IRS
	FLAG	
Flag	Not an American flag Some say it is a flag of Admiralty/Maritime type jurisdiction and is not suppose to be used on Land. Others say it's not a flag at all, but fiction. However, the gold fringe which surrounds the flag gives notice that the American flag has been captured and is now being used by the corporate so-called "government.	American Flag  plain and simpleno gold fringe or other ornaments and symbolism attached
Requirements for flags	Appears to be an "American flag" but has one or more of the following:  1. Gold fringe along its borders (called "a badge")  2. Gold braided cord (tassel) hanging from pole  3. Ball on top of pole (last cannon ball fired)  4. Eagle on top of pole  5. Spear on top of pole  Yellow fringed flag is not described in Title 4 of USC and therefore is illegal on land except for maybe (1) the President since he is in charge	Prior to the 1950's, state republic flags were mostly flown, but when a USA flag was flown it was one of the following:  1. Military flagHorizontal stripes, white stars on blue background**  2. Peace flagvertical stripes, blue stars on white backgroundlast flown before Civil War**  **Has no fringe, braid (tassel), eagle, ball, spear, etc.
	of Navel Forces on high seas, and (2) naval offices and yards. President Eisenhower settled the debate on the width of the fringe.  The so-called justification for a Navel/Maritime flag to be on land is that all land was under the high water mark at one time even if it was cons ago.	(Although the codes do not apply here, the USA Military flag is described in Title 4 of USC) The continental USA is at peace

Benefits	<u>In</u> alienable rights	Unalienable rights
	Government given rights	God given rights
	that are really <b>Privileges</b> .	"incapable [emphasis added] of being aliened,
	Can be taken away at any time	that is, sold and transferred."  Black's Law Dictionary, Revised Fourth
	So-called Benefits are as follows:	Edition, 1968, page 1693.
	1. Social Security (You paid all your working life and	Emilion, 1700, page 1075.
	there are no guarantees that there will be money for	
	you)	Enjoy:
	2. Medicare	1. Life
	3. Medicaid 4. Grants	2. Liberty
	5. Disaster relief	3. pursuit of Happiness 4. full property ownership.
	6. Food Stamps	T. run property ownership.
	7. Licenses and Registration (Permission)	
	8. Privileges only, no Rights	No US benefitsEvery living soul is responsible for
	9. Experimentation on citizens without their consent.	themselves and has the option of helping others.
		Each living soul gives accordingly to help others in need and
	Commonate appropriate tool warms and and another the first	receives the credit or gives the credit to his Maker and
	Corporate government steals your money and gets credit for helping others with it. Politicians in return create more such	Provider.
	programs to get more votes. Eventually there is no more to collect	No tax burdens or government debt obligations.
	and give. Everyone becomes takers and there are no givers. The government then collapses within. That is why democracy never	
	survives, because the looters eventually outnumber the producers.	
	RECORDS	
Location of	County Clerk	Ex-officio clerks
records	Recorders Office	County Clerk is also Clerk of
	Created by statute to keep track of the corporate government's holdings which are applied as collateral to the increasing debt. The written	the superior court, (i.e. a court of common law)
	records are a continuation of the "Doomsday Book" which keeps track	and courts of record
	of the Crown of England's holdings. The "Doomsday Book" originated	Records are also kept by Citizens
	as a written record of the conquered holdings of king William, which was later the basis of his taxes and grants.	such as in a family Bible
	was later the basis of his taxes and grains,	
	Property recorded at the recorders office makes the corporate defacto	
	government "holders in due course"	
Birth certificate	Your TV is not recorded there, therefore you are "holder in due course" for the TV.  "Birth Certificate" is required. It puts one into commerce as a fictional	Record the date family members are born married, and the date
3.5	persona  Mark Silva "Marina Linear" The Control State house the third	they pass on in the Family Bible
Marriage	Must file a "Marriage License". The Corporate State becomes the third party to your union and whatever you conceive is theirs and becomes	Common Law Marriage Married by a minister
	their property in commerce.	or living together for more than 7 years
		constitutes a marriage
		Pastor may issue a
		Certificate of Matrimony
	PROPERTY	
Property	Privilege to use	Full and complete ownership
• •		1. Allodial TitleLand PatentsAllodial
	1. Fee titleFeudal Title	1
	2. Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and	Freeholder
	<ol><li>Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and GRANTEE in all caps are fictional persona</li></ol>	Freeholder 2. Can not be taxed (Only voluntary)
	<ol> <li>Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and GRANTEE in all caps are fictional persona</li> <li>Property tax (Must pay)</li> </ol>	Freeholder 2. Can not be taxed (Only voluntary) 3. You are king of your castle
	<ol> <li>Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and GRANTEE in all caps are fictional persona</li> <li>Property tax (Must pay)</li> <li>Other taxes (such as water district taxes)</li> </ol>	Freeholder 2. Can not be taxed (Only voluntary) 3. You are king of your castle 4. No government intrusion, involvement, or
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Substance	<ol> <li>Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and GRANTEE in all caps are fictional persona</li> <li>Property tax (Must pay)</li> <li>Other taxes (such as water district taxes)</li> <li>Subject to control by government</li> <li>Vehicle Registration         <ul> <li>(The incorporated State owns vehicles on behalf of US)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Property and vehicles are collateral for the government debt</li> </ol>	Freeholder 2. Can not be taxed (Only voluntary) 3. You are king of your castle 4. No government intrusion, involvement, or controls  Has substance
Controller of	Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and GRANTEE in all caps are fictional persona     Property tax (Must pay)     Other taxes (such as water district taxes)     Subject to control by government     Vehicle Registration     (The incorporated State owns vehicles on behalf of US)     Property and vehicles are collateral for the government debt  MONEY  Has no substanceBuilt on credit	Freeholder 2. Can not be taxed (Only voluntary) 3. You are king of your castle 4. No government intrusion, involvement, or controls  Has substance Controlled by
Controller of value	2. Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and GRANTEE in all caps are fictional persona 3. Property tax (Must pay) 4. Other taxes (such as water district taxes) 5. Subject to control by government 6. Vehicle Registration (The incorporated State owns vehicles on behalf of US) 7. Property and vehicles are collateral for the government debt  MONEY  Has no substance—Built on credit  Controlled by US Treasury	Freeholder  2. Can not be taxed (Only voluntary)  3. You are king of your castle  4. No government intrusion, involvement, or controls  Has substance  Controlled by Treasury of the united States of America
Controller of	2. Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and GRANTEE in all caps are fictional persona 3. Property tax (Must pay) 4. Other taxes (such as water district taxes) 5. Subject to control by government 6. Vehicle Registration (The incorporated State owns vehicles on behalf of US) 7. Property and vehicles are collateral for the government debt  MONEY  Has no substance—Built on credit  Controlled by US Treasury  Phony/Fiat Money	Freeholder  2. Can not be taxed (Only voluntary)  3. You are king of your castle  4. No government intrusion, involvement, or controls  Has substance  Controlled by Treasury of the united States of America  Real Money
Controller of value	2. Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and GRANTEE in all caps are fictional persona 3. Property tax (Must pay) 4. Other taxes (such as water district taxes) 5. Subject to control by government 6. Vehicle Registration (The incorporated State owns vehicles on behalf of US) 7. Property and vehicles are collateral for the government debt  MONEY  Has no substance—Built on credit  Controlled by US Treasury	Freeholder  2. Can not be taxed (Only voluntary)  3. You are king of your castle  4. No government intrusion, involvement, or controls  Has substance  Controlled by Treasury of the united States of America  Real Money Most of us were taught to write the "S" with two lines through it. The two lines was a derivative of the "U" inside the "S"
Controller of value	2. Grant Deed and Trust Deed Note: GRANTOR and GRANTEE in all caps are fictional persona 3. Property tax (Must pay) 4. Other taxes (such as water district taxes) 5. Subject to control by government 6. Vehicle Registration (The incorporated State owns vehicles on behalf of US) 7. Property and vehicles are collateral for the government debt  MONEY  Has no substance—Built on credit Controlled by US Treasury  Phony/Fiat Money All computer programs are designed with the "\$" having only one line	Freeholder  2. Can not be taxed (Only voluntary)  3. You are king of your castle  4. No government intrusion, involvement, or controls  Has substance  Controlled by Treasury of the united States of America  Real Money Most of us were taught to write the "S" with two lines through

	2. Bonds	Gold Coins*
	3. Other Notesevidences of debt	Paper currency redeemable in gold or silver*
	4. Cashless society-Electronic banking	Spanish milled dollar
	***Issued by the Federal Reserve Bank (FRB)A private	*Issued by the Treasury Department of the USA (A
	corporation created by the Bank of England in 1913 and is	Republic).
	owned by foreign bankers/investors The Federal Reserve is	
	a continuation of the "Exchequer" of the Crown of	
	England.	
Minting of money	The government must borrow before FRN's are printed. The FRB pays	Coinage started in 1783. The first paper currency was issued in
	2½ ¢ per FRN note printed whether \$1 or \$1000. The US in-turn pays	1862. "Silver Certificates" last printed in 1957. Coinage of
	FRB interest indefinitely for each outstanding note or representation of a note. With electronic banking FRN's are created out of nothing and	Silver coins for circulation ended with the 1964 coins.  Redemption of "Silver Certificates" ended on June 24, 1968.
	nothing being printed. What a deal!	1000 mpaon of Sirvir Continues of Sano 24, 1700.
History	The Greenback Act was revoked and replaced with the National	Constitution made all currency gold and silver.
	Banking Act in 1863. An Act passed on April 12, 1866 authorized the sale of bonds to retire currency called greenbacks.	
	sale of bonds to folio carreincy cancer groupacks.	
	FRN's (Federal Reserve Notes) were first issued in 1914.	·
	That are to the Start Makes and a \$1000 william of tall an effect to	
	Just prior to the Stock Market crash of 1929, millions of dollars of gold was taken out of this Country and transferred to England.	
	ROADWAYS	
TT . C . 1		
Use of roadways	Drivers Licenses are required, because driving is a privilege.	Sovereigns have a right to use the public ways.
Driving "privileges"	May lose privilege or have it suspended at the whim of government	"Liberty of the common way"
"privileges" Driver's licenses	Must comply with the Department of Motor Vehicles, the Vehicle	No "Driver's License" is required for private, personal, and
Dilver's neemses	Code, which is ever changing, and the Highway Patrol.	recreational use of the roadways.
	Even a "Class 3" Driver's license is a "commercial" license. A "Driver"	
	is one who does commercial business on the highways	A "driver's license" can only be required for those individuals or businesses operating a business within the rights-of-ways
		such as Taxi Drivers, Truck Drivers, Bus Drivers, Chauffeurs,
		etc.
Definition of	"Vehicle"automobile or truck doing business on the highway	"Car"short for "carriage" such as "horseless carriage" for
"Vehicle"		private use
"Passenger"	"Passenger"A paying customer who wants to be transported to another location	"Guest"One who comes along for pleasure or private reasons without cost
Movement	"Drive"The act of commercial use of the right-of-way	"Travel"The act of private, personal, and recreational use of the roadways
	MAIL	
Types of mail	Domestic	Non-domestic
ky pos or man	Mail that moves between D.C., possessions and territories	Mail that moves outside of D.C. its possessions and
	of the U.S.	territories
Zip codes	Zip Codes are required	Zip Code not required and should not be used.
Zip Codos	when using "jurisdictional regions or zones" such as "CA",	
	NV, AZ, etc.	
Cost of stamp	Cost is 34 cents for first class	3 centsSovereign to Sovereign
•		Otherwise 34 cents
Designation of	Must now use "jurisdictional regions or zones" such as	Write out the state completely such as "California"
regions	"CA", NV, AZ, etc. Purposely used ad nauseum which	or abbreviated "Calif.". Never use "CA" for an
Manago Contrary of Continuous Water and State and	means "no name at all"	address to a Sovereign or in your return address.
	GUNS	
Philosophy on gun	This government wants to disarm the Citizens so as to have complete	Sovereign Citizens have a right to own and use guns-"Right
ownership	control and power. Every tyrannical government in the past has taken	to bear arms" against "enemies foreign and domestic".
OWN COLUMN	away the guns to prevent any serious opposition or rebellion. History	
	continues to repeat itself because the new generations who come along	The founding fathers knew the importance of protecting
	I don't know or tend to forget about the past and will say it will not	
	don't know or tend to forget about the past and will say it will not happen here.	themselves from governments who get out of hand.
Legal constraints	happen here.  Disregards the 2nd Amendment or justifies what weapons should not	themselves from governments who get out of hand.  2nd Amendment
Legal constraints on gun ownership	happen here.	
	happen here.  Disregards the 2nd Amendment or justifies what weapons should not be legal. Ever changing and ever restrictive.	
	happen here.  Disregards the 2nd Amendment or justifies what weapons should not	2nd Amendment
	happen here.  Disregards the 2nd Amendment or justifies what weapons should not be legal. Ever changing and ever restrictive.	2nd Amendment
	happen here.  Disregards the 2nd Amendment or justifies what weapons should not be legal. Ever changing and ever restrictive.  Requires registration of guns.  If any of you saw the motion picture called "Red Dawn" would realize that the enemy finds these lists and then goes door to door collecting all	2nd Amendment
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on gun ownership	happen here.  Disregards the 2nd Amendment or justifies what weapons should not be legal. Ever changing and ever restrictive.  Requires registration of guns.  If any of you saw the motion picture called "Red Dawn" would realize that the enemy finds these lists and then goes door to door collecting all of the guns.  RELIGION	2nd Amendment  Protects the Right of the people to keep and bear arms.  Churches exist alone.
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on gun ownership Relationship	happen here.  Disregards the 2nd Amendment or justifies what weapons should not be legal. Ever changing and ever restrictive.  Requires registration of guns.  If any of you saw the motion picture called "Red Dawn" would realize that the enemy finds these lists and then goes door to door collecting all of the guns.  RELIGION  This government wants to control the churches by having them come under their jurisdiction as corporations under Section 501(c)(3).	2nd Amendment  Protects the Right of the people to keep and bear arms.  Churches exist alone.
on gun ownership Relationship between church	happen here.  Disregards the 2nd Amendment or justifies what weapons should not be legal. Ever changing and ever restrictive.  Requires registration of guns.  If any of you saw the motion picture called "Red Dawn" would realize that the enemy finds these lists and then goes door to door collecting all of the guns.  RELIGION  This government wants to control the churches by having them come under their jurisdiction as corporations under Section 501(c)(3).  This is to prevent the clergy, Pastors, Ministers, etc. from having any	2nd Amendment  Protects the Right of the people to keep and bear arms.  Churches exist alone.
on gun ownership Relationship between church	happen here.  Disregards the 2nd Amendment or justifies what weapons should not be legal. Ever changing and ever restrictive.  Requires registration of guns.  If any of you saw the motion picture called "Red Dawn" would realize that the enemy finds these lists and then goes door to door collecting all of the guns.  RELIGION  This government wants to control the churches by having them come under their jurisdiction as corporations under Section 501(c)(3).	2nd Amendment  Protects the Right of the people to keep and bear arms.  Churches exist alone.

These churches also display the gold fringe flag.

Their faith is in the government and not in God. They exist by permission of this government not by God alone.



They signed away their Birthright for a so-called benefit:

"Tax-exempt corporation".



1st Amendment

Protects against government making a law that would respect an establishment of religion or prohibit the free exercise of a religion.

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